Environmental Science

Environmental science is the application of scientific information in order to solve conflicts resulting from humans' use of our planet's resources. This requires an understanding of the sustainability of natural systems and resources, the interrelationships between these systems, as well as the human impact on the environment.

Environmental science is thus an inherently interdisciplinary field, using and combining information from such varied disciplines as:

- · biology
- · chemistry
- geology
- · economics
- · political science
- law
- ethics

California Lutheran University's B.S. degree in environmental science is designed to provide the student with the tools to critically examine environmental issues from a variety of perspectives.

Beyond the required foundational science courses, the program provides a broad range of science and humanities courses to select from, allowing students to tailor the program to their interests. The curriculum emphasizes experiential learning, providing the student with opportunities to actively engage in research.

Many students who obtain the B.S. degree in environmental science are planning careers in environmental protection and management, risk assessment, environmental law or education. The program also prepares students to pursue graduate studies in various environmental fields.

Bachelor of Science in Environmental Science

45 credits minimum, 18 credits upper division.

Introduction to Environmental Science and Intro Environmental Science Lab	4
Environmental Ecology	
	4-5
Principles of Biology and Principles of Biology Lab	
Introduction to Ecology and Populations and Intro Biol Experimentation I	
	4-5
Chemistry and the Environment and Chemistry and the Environment Lab	
General Chemistry and General Chemistry Lab	
Physical Geology and Physical Geology Lab	4
Statistics for the Sciences	4
Environmental Science Capstone	2
	12
Evolution	
Environmental Ecology and Environmental Ecology Lab (If not used earlier)	
Marine Biology and Marine Biology Lab	
Oceanography and Oceanography Lab	
California Plant Communities and California Plant Communities Lab	
Environmental Chemistry and Environmental Chemistry Lab	
Invertebrate Paleontology and Invertebrate Paleontology Lab	
Stratigraphy and Sedimentation and Stratigraphy and Sedimentation Lab	
Water Resources and Lab Field Studies Water Resources	
Geophysics and Geophysics Lab	
	8
Environmental Ethics	
Economics of the Environment	
Environmental Literature	
	Principles of Biology and Principles of Biology Lab Introduction to Ecology and Populations and Intro Biol Experimentation I Chemistry and the Environment and Chemistry and the Environment Lab General Chemistry and General Chemistry Lab Physical Geology and Physical Geology Lab Statistics for the Sciences Environmental Science Capstone Evolution Environmental Ecology and Enviromental Ecology Lab (If not used earlier) Marine Biology and Marine Biology Lab Oceanography and Oceanography Lab California Plant Communities and California Plant Communities Lab Environmental Chemistry and Environmental Chemistry Lab Invertebrate Paleontology and Invertebrate Paleontology Lab Stratigraphy and Sedimentation and Stratigraphy and Sedimentation Lab Water Resources and Lab Field Studies Water Resources Geophysics and Geophysics Lab Environmental Ethics Economics of the Environment

Environmental Science

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Additional Science course ¹		4
POLS 414	Environmental Law and Policy	

Total Hours 46-48

From Biology, Chemistry, Geology, Physics at the 200 level or above or two field experience courses (see adviser for list of approved choices).

Courses

2

ENVS 482. Selected Topics. (1-4).

ENVS 485. Environmental Science Capstone. (2).

This course introduces students to the professional skills and practices required in the environmental field. Includes introduction to GIS (Geographic Information Systems), literature searches, written and oral presentation of work. Prerequisite: senior standing.

ENVS 490. Independent Study. (1-4).

ENVS 492. Internship. (1-4).